An Introduction to Tilde

Presentation on a FOSS tool for Lua development

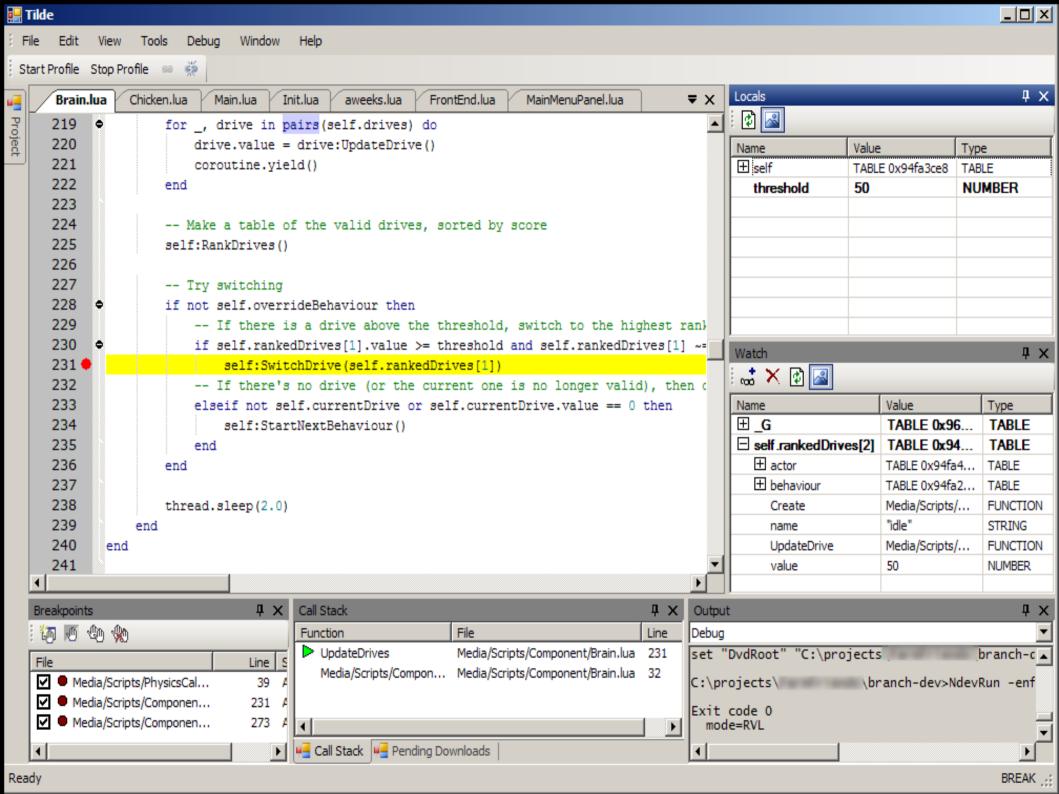
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Overview

- Why Lua?
- Quick Lua Introduction.
- Why Tilde?
- Quick Feature set overview.
- Solutions using Lua and Tilde.
- How to install and implement.
- The Future.
- Where to get it.

Why Lua?

- Game development problems
 - Slow turnaround on code changes
 - Consistent frame rates
 - Complicated and inefficient game logic
 - C++ state machines
 - Polling 'ticks' inefficient
 - C++ fixed (run time) class hierarchies
 - Code refactoring downtime
 - Unrecoverable crashes/asserts when anything goes wrong
 - C++ Pointers! (not worth recovering as any memory can be trashed).

Why Lua? (concepts)

- Lua is a programming language, not a scripting language.
- Use it for Game logic, not services.
- Garbage collector as memory manager (no leaks).

Quick Lua Introduciton

What is Lua?

From http://www.lua.org/about.html :-

Lua is a powerful, fast, light-weight, embeddable scripting language.

Lua combines simple procedural syntax with powerful data description constructs based on associative arrays and extensible semantics. Lua is dynamically typed, runs by interpreting bytecode for a register-based virtual machine, and has automatic memory management with incremental garbage collection, making it ideal for configuration, scripting, and rapid prototyping.

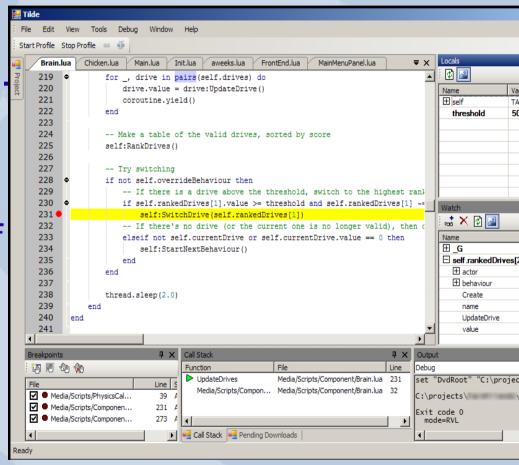
Quick Lua Introduciton

- Why choose Lua? (again from the site)
 - Lua is a proven, robust language
 - Lua is fast
 - Lua is portable
 - Lua is embeddable
 - Lua is powerful (but simple)
 - Lua is small
 - Lua is free



Why Tilde?

- Decided to use Lua
 - That only took a decade.
- It's a programming language, it needs debugging.
 - You are kidding yourself if you think not.
- Commercial and Free Debugger availability
 - Poor
- · Write our own.
 - Took one week to do POC version.

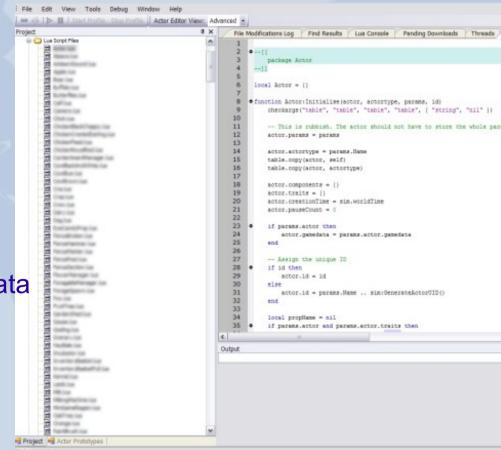




Quick Feature Set Overview

Lua debugger features

- Breakpoints
- Stepping
- Stack trace
- Local variables and upvalues
- Watches
- Expanding tables and userdata
- Viewing table and userdata metadata
- Threads
- Filtering in variable windows
- Catching Lua errors
- Script downloading and execution
- Lua console
- Console snippets





Quick Feature Set Overview

- Editor features
 - Source control integration

- 'Folding' editor
 - Find and replace
- Find file in project
- Customizable project file formats

```
Output

Version Control

... clienthile c:\projects\| \branch-dev\Media\Scripts\Actor.lua
... isMapped
... headAction edit
... headTime 1216008539
... headRev 49
... headChange 97544
... headModTime 1215744649
... headWodTime 1215744649
... haveRev 48

Executing "cmd /c p4 edit C:\projects\| \branch-dev\Media\Scripts\Actor.lua 2>&1"
//depot/ /branch-dev\Media\Scripts/Actor.lua - must sync/resolve #49 before submitting
```

```
if params.actor then

if id then

if params.actor then

-- Assign the unique I

if id then

local propName = nil

if params.actor and pa

if params.actor and pa

for traitIndex, traical stringName

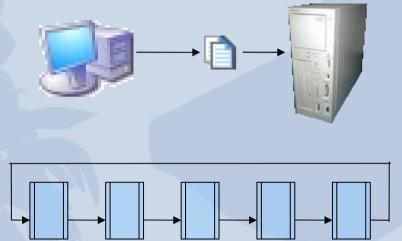
local stringName

local nameCount

local namesFor
```

Solutions using Lua and Tilde

- Uploading of new code to running game
- Time budgeting via round robin scheduling



 Writing game logic using co-routines and blocking conditions

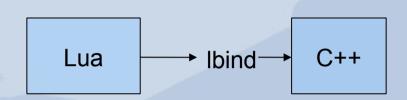


Solutions using Lua and Tilde

- When Lua code causes an error it just stops running, so
- □ □ □ □ a bug in an unrelated part of the game to that being worked on doesn't cause the game to halt
- errors in code under development can be recovered from, allowing the programmer to try a new version without resetting the game
 - Lua will eventually garbage-collect objects when code is stopped unexpectedly

How using Lua and Tilde has changed the way we make games

- We write game code in two layers: native and script with custom Lua binding glue
- Tilde lets us execute code snippets we enter on the PC, allowing us to experiment or recover from errors (edit and continue that works)





How using Lua and Tilde has changed the way we make games

- Development builds were much more stable than with other projects, so the game was always playable to some extent.
- Runtime Duck typing frees us from narrow inheritance hierarchies.



How using Lua and Tilde has changed the way we make games

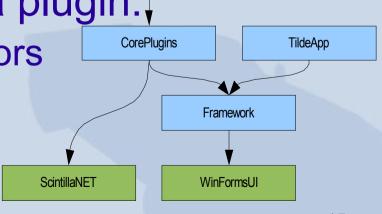
- Coding standards and patterns needed because of less strict compiler checking. This sounds negative but is a good thing.
- Tilde lets us manage the usage of threads in Lua.
- Tilde is a minimal extensible framework for us to embed our own tools; the Lua debugger is itself a plugin
- We could develop the entire game within Tilde, including C++ coding (IDE replacement)

Dealing with Lua issues

- Garbage collector performance
 - We run the GC incrementally under a time budget so it always takes a fixed portion of the frame; it completes a cycle every 5 to 10 seconds.
 - Destructors don't execute immediately, so we need to dispose resources when we have finished with them (change our low-level resource handling a bit).
- Multi-core performance
 - Non issue, Lua shouldn't be using more than one core. LVM is not really re-entrant.
 - Via the co-routines makes it easier to schedule multi-core C++ service code.
 - C++ Thread scheduler needs OS thread mutexing.

Tilde Architecture

- Open source libraries are used extensively:
 - Scintilla fully featured syntax-highlighting text editor control
 - DockPanel Suite Visual Studio-style window docking
- Architecture is pluggable and is based on a model/view framework
- Almost everything in Tilde is a plugin:
 - Documents and document editors
 - Project file
 - Source control
 - Lua debugger
 - Debugger transport layer



LuaDebugger

How to install and implement

- Integrating the lua debugger
 - Add the tilde source files to your project build system.
 - Modify configuration files as required, and patch Lua source.
 - Extend virtual classes so the host code works in your game engine environment.
 - Modify the main loop of your application to instance the host class, and tick each frame.
 - There is an example for a PC implementation.

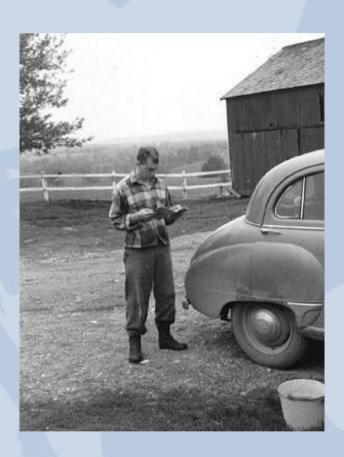
The Future

- New features
 - 'Intellisense'
 - Breakpoints conditional on Lua expressions
 - Support for more sourcecontrol providers (only Perforce atm)
 - Support for more project file formats (only .vcproj atm)
 - Customizable shortcut keys



The Future

- Documentation
 - Full user documentation
 - Full developer documentation
 - Basic maintainer documentation (for people maintaining or modifying Tilde)



Where to get it

luaforge.net/projects/tilde License

- MIT
- Contribution license not yet

Questions?

• URL's

- http://www.tantalus.com.au/tilde
- http://luaforge.net/projects/tilde
- http://www.lua.org
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Duck_typing